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GOOLE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Annual Report

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

1948

GOOLE:

GOOLE TIMES COMPANY, LIMITED
1949

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GOOLE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Chairman: Councillor H. DOWDALL, J.P.

Vice-Chairman: Councillor H. S. WOOD.

Medical Officer of Health:

S KENNAUGH APPLETON, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H., D.T.M.

Sanitary Inspector:

R. PLEWES, M.Inst.M.E., A.R.S.I.

To THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE GOOLE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my second Annual Report on the health of the Rural District for the year 1948.

The health of the District was reasonably good and the incidence of infectious disease was low, although showing a slight increase on the previous year. The increase was largely due to measles which was prevalent in the Spring, but there was also an increase of scarlet fever. No cases of diphtheria occurred.

Whooping cough accounted for one death in a baby of eleven months old.

Notifications of all forms of tuberculosis totalled six, as against sixteen in 1947.

In common with the general trend there was a marked drop in the Birth Rate from 20.9 in 1947 to 17.0 in 1948; the aggregate for West Riding Rural Districts being 19.2 and for the country 17.9.

The Death Rate of 9.1 was the lowest for 22 years, and it is significant to note that of the 84 deaths 45 were between the ages of 70 and 94 years.

The Infantile Mortality Rate of 32, although not the lowest recorded, was below the new low record of 34 for England and Wales There were no Maternal Deaths during the year.

The National Health Service Act became operative on the 5th July, 1948, but produced little change in the personal Health Services of the District, already administered by the County Council—the new Local Health Authority.

Specialist Clinics for Pædiatrics (diseases of children) and Orthopædics (deformities) held monthly, were established in Goole Borough and are available for all children in the Division.

Home Helps for domestic duties during the lying-in period and for cases of chronic sickness recommended by doctors became available. It should be noted that this is not a free service, a proportion of the cost, according to income, being charged to the patient.

It is regrettable that the M. and C.W. Centre at Swine-fleet was inoperative throughout the year, and these services had to be carried out on a much reduced scale from a room at the School.

The building of new houses made reasonable progress, but the number permitted is only a fraction of the number required to meet the needs of the District. It has to be kept in mind that the last Survey showed that there are over 200 unfit houses, and others become more dilapidated as the years pass.

Another point requires particular emphasis. If the public are to receive the Nursing Services they need, and for which they have been paying since the 5th July, 1948, it is obvious that Local Housing Authorities will have to grant some form of priority in housing them.

The setting aside of one or two houses at strategic points for Home Nurses and Midwives will certainly deprive one or two families of a home, but the failure to do so deprives large numbers of the community of essential services to which they are entitled.

The implementation of the schemes for the extension of piped water supplies and sewage disposal will do much to improve the sanitary amenities of the District.

Finally, I wish to express my thanks to the Chairman, Members and Officials of the Goole Rural District Council for their assistance and co-operation during 1948.

I remain,

Your obedient servant,

S. KENNAUGH APPLETON,

Medical Officer of Health.

September, 1949.

1948

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area of Rural District				 38,238	acres.
Population (mid-1948)				 	9,220
Number of Inhabited	Houses			 	2,639
Rateable Value (1-4-48	3)		4 + 2	 £	36,362
Product of Penny Rat	e (1947-	48)		 £14	4/3/9

VITAL STATISTICS

	GOOLE R.D.	Aggregate West Riding R. Ds.	West Riding Admin. County	
BIRTH RATE			County	ionary
(per 1,000 population)	. 17.0	19.2	18.5	17.9
DEATH RATES				
(per 1,000 population)				
All causes		9.8	11.3	10.8
Zymotic Diseases (principal			0.12	
Respiratory Tuberculosis		0.36	0.37	0.44
Other forms of Tuber culosis	0 0 0	0.07	0.07	0.07
Respiratory Diseases (ex	_	0.01	0.01	0.01
cluding Respirator				
Tuberculosis)	. 0.65	1.15	1.29	
Cancer		1.49	1.74	1.86
Heart and Circulator	0.0=	3.03	3.73	
Diseases	. 3.43	5.05	0.70	E-mail and
INFANT MORTALITY				
(Deaths under one year pe	r			
1,000 live births)		40	39	34
INFANT DIARRHŒA				
(Deaths under two years o	\mathbf{f}			
age per 1,000 live births		4.97	4.38	3.3
MATERNAL MORTALITY				
Deaths of mothers in child	-			
birth per 1,000 total birth		0.40	0 # 0	0.04
Puerperal Sepsis		0.13		
Other Causes			$1.05 \\ 1.15$	
Total	. 0	1.40	1.13	1.04
COMPARATIVE BIRTH	AND I	DEATH F	IGURE	S.
BIRTH	RATE.			
Average for 1930	-1934	18.3	1946 .	19.5
,, ,, 1935	-1 939 .	15.1	1947	. 20.9
" (War years) 1940	-1945 .	17.2	1948 .	17.0
TOTAL DEA	ATH RA	ATE.		
Average for 1930	-1934 .	11.5	1946 .	11.7
	-1939 .	11.5	1947 .	12.8
" " (War years) 1940	-1945 .	11.4	1948 .	9.1

PU	JLMONARY TUE	BERCULOSIS 1	DEATH	RATE.	
Average	for	1930-1934	0.34	1946	0.47
,,		1935-1939			
**************************************	/ * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
,,	,, ,				
	NON-PULMON	NARY TUBERO	CULOSI	IS.	
Average	for	1930-1934	0.09	1946	0.24
,,		1935-1939			
,,	" (War years)	1940-1945	0.07	1948	0.00
	RESPIRAT	ORY DEATH	RATE.		
Average	for	1930-1934	1.07	1946	0.71
"		1935-1939			
	" (War years)				
,,					
	CANCEL	R DEATH RA	TE.		
Average	for	1930-1934	1.45	1946	1.42
,,					1.74
;;	" (War years)	1940-1945	1.82	1948	1.41
	ZYMOTI	C DEATH RA	TE.		
	(Principal	Notifiable Dise	ases).		
Average		1930 1934	•	1946	0.00
,,		1935-1939			
,,	**	1940-1945		1948	
	INFANTILE	MORTALITY	RATE.		
Average	for	1930-1934	62	1946	42
,,	,,	1935 - 1939	66	$1947 \dots$	
,,	,, (War years)	1940-1945	43	1948	32
	tomore				
		BIRTHS			
		1948.			
			Male.	Female. '	Total.
LIVE BI	RTHS : Legitimate		82	65	147
	Illegitimat	te	4	6	10

STILLBIRTHS: ... 4 1 5

Total 86 71 157

CAUSES OF DEATH

1948.

			Male.	Female.	Total.
Whooping Cough			0	1	1
Tuberculosis (pulmonary)			2	0	2
Tuberculosis (other forms)			0	0	0
Cancer			7	6	13
Diabetes			0	1	1
Intracranial vascular lesions			2	1	3
Heart diseases			17	11	28
Other diseases of circulatory	syst	em	0	2	2
Bronchitis			0	1	1
Pneumonia			2	1	3
Other respiratory diseases			1	1	2
Diarrhœa (under 2 years)			1	0	1
Other digestive causes			1	0	1
Nephritis			4	2	6
Premature birth			1	0	1
Congenital causes			0	1	1
Violent causes			3	2	5
All other causes			7	3	10
Syphilitic disease			1	0	1
Road traffic accidents			2	0	2
				-	
Total			51	33	84

TUBERCULOSIS

New cases during 1948.

					Male.	Female.	Total.
Pulmonary					. 3	2	5
Non-pulmonary					. 0	1	1
	Total	cases	on	the	Register.		
Pulmonary					18	21	39
Non-pulmonary					. 7	4	11

GOOLE RURAL DISTRICT Cases of Infectious Disease notified during 1948

	1	1 .			es ing				red	
	At all ages	Under 1	1 to 4	5 to 14	15 to 24 of	25 to 44 8		Over 64 o	Cases Removed to Hospital	Deaths
Smallpox Cholera (C) Plague (P) Diphtheria and Membranous Croup Erysipelas Scarlet Fever Typhus Fever Enteric Fevers Relapsing and Continued	2 13		1	1 10	2	1			7	
Fevers Puerperal Pyrexia	1				1					
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis Acute Poliomyelitis and										
Polioencephalitis Ophthalmia Neonatorum	4			*		0				
Pulmonary Tuberculosis Other forms of Tuberculosis		1	0.0	0.5	2	2				2
Measles Primary Pneumonia	64	1	38	25					·	3
Influenzal Pneumonia Whooping Cough Dysentery	2			1		1				1
Encephalitis Lethargica										
Totals	86	1	39	37	.5	4	-	_	7	6

HOUSING

Number of houses erected by the Council up to the 31st December, 1948:—

Airmyn		8	Pavoliffa Daidea		1 17
•	 	O	Rawcliffe Bridge		17
East Cowick	 	13	Reedness	• • •	16
Gowdall	 	8	Snaith		40
Hook	 	22	Swinefleet		67
Pollington	 	17	West Cowick		24
Rawcliffe	 	60	Whitgift		4

TOTAL — 296.

HOUSES UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

Airmyn	 	8	Swinefleet	 16
East Cowick	 	8	West Cowick	 10
Gowdall	 	6	Ousefieet	 4
Pollington	 	8	Rawcliffe Bridge	 19

FUTURE BUILDING SCHEMES.

- GOOLE FIELDS.—One acre is being purchased, but owing to the reluctance of the owner to sell, slow progress is being made.
- RAWCLIFFE.—Site purchased in Ridding Lane, 5.8 acres.
- RAWCLIFFE BRIDGE.—Twelve brick houses are proposed, and these will complete the site, on which 24 "AIREY" houses have been built.
- SWINEFLEET.—A further 14 houses are to be built on the Reedness Road site, where 16 houses are now under construction.
- EAST COWICK.—There is room on the Ings Lane site for a further 14 houses.

SELECTION OF TENANTS.

Very careful attention is devoted to the selection of tenants, and although unsuccessful applicants may feel greatly disappointed, the Council do claim that even without the aid of any "points" system they take great care to ensure that houses are let to those having the greatest need.

The Sanitary Inspector visits each applicant and notes the conditions under which the applicants are living. In recent years the Ministry of Health stipulated that a proportion of the houses should be let to farm workers, but apart from this stipulation the Council have let houses to:—

- (a) Young married couples who had not had a home to themselves,
- (b) Large families living under overcrowded conditions.
- (c) Families living in unfit houses.

The number of persons (parents and children) to be accommodated in the ten "Airey" houses which were nearing completion at the end of the year at Finnley's Lane, West Cowick, is 51.

For 8 houses built during the year at Reedness, 42 applications were received. The eight selected composed a total of 50 persons. Seven of those selected were tenants of houses which were badly overcrowded and the other was a young married farm worker who was living with his parents.

Of the 22 houses built in Marina Avenue, Snaith, 14 were let to families who had not previously had a home of

When, in August, 1948, applicants were considered for the tenancy of 14 "Airey" houses at Rawcliffe Bridge, the Council carried out the instructions of the Ministry of Health and gave first preference to agricultural workers, and this caused a good deal of discontent in the parish. Seventy applications were received. Ten of the fourteen houses were let to agricultural workers and the street was named "Harvest Way."

HOUSING REPAIRS.

With the improvement in the supply of building materials and labour, it is possible to get repairs carried out without undue delay. Certain houses which were on the Council's "black list" have changed ownership and are now tenanted by the respective owners, and a great improvement has been made in the condition and the appearance of such houses. Although even now they may not be up to "text book" standards, they are at least providing fairly comfortable homes for the families now occupying them.

It is not yet possible to make systematic inspections of every house and enforce the carrying out of all necessary repairs, but where the lack of repairs is causing discomfort to the tenant, the owner is requested to carry out the neces-

sary repairs.

HOUSING SURVEY.

The completion of this survey gives the following figures:—

Adlingfleet Airmyn Eastoft Fockerby Goole Fields Gowdall Haldenby Hook Ousefleet Pollington Rawcliffe Reedness Snaith and G Swinefleet Whitgift		. Satisfactory. 1 10 4 4 3 11 13 10 23 6 36 26 152 92 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	Minor repairs 12 4 4 8 10 3 22 13 6 83 8 74 9 9 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9	Repairs 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Be-conditioning 5 8 1 4 6 2 2 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4	1 1 1 2 32 42 15	Feb 195 46 195 11 19 52 54 14 370 41 132 675 103 486 330 76
	Totals	 929	381	497	140	207	2604

WATER SUPPLY.

The scheme which the Council has submitted to the West Riding County Council for the laying of water mains to the 56 isolated farms and cottages on Swinefleet, Reedness and Whitgift Commons has not yet received sanction.

The number of houses without piped water, including the 56 mentioned above, is 153. The whole of these (except 5) are situated long distances from any water main. All the twelve schools in the District have a piped water supply from the Council's main.

SEWERAGE AND SEWERAGE DISPOSAL.

The three schemes mentioned in previous reports, i.e., Airmyn, Hook, Snaith and Cowick, have not yet received approval.

SCAVENGING.

The Scavenging of the whole of the parishes continues to be carried out in a satisfactory manner. Particular attention is paid to the condition of the refuse tips, which are located at Readingate, Swinefieet; Church Lane, Whitgift; near the Railway Embankment at Hook; Rawcliffe Common, and in a disused sandpit at Snaith. It will become an increasingly difficult matter to find suitable tips in the Marshland area.

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

There are no offensive trades carried on in the District.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES

There are seven private slaughter houses in the district, at Rawcliffe (3), Snaith (2), Swinefleet (2).

Since 1939 all slaughtering has been carried out at the Goole Borough Abattoir.

MILK AND DAIRIES ORDER

There are 64 registered cowkeepers in the District, and the number of cows is approximately 375.

INSPECTIONS-1948.

Number of inspections (inc	eludir	ng Housir	ng)	 	159
Nuisances found and abated				 	30
Informal notices served				 	20
Notices complied with				 	20
Cowsheds inspected		• • •	* 4 *	 	102